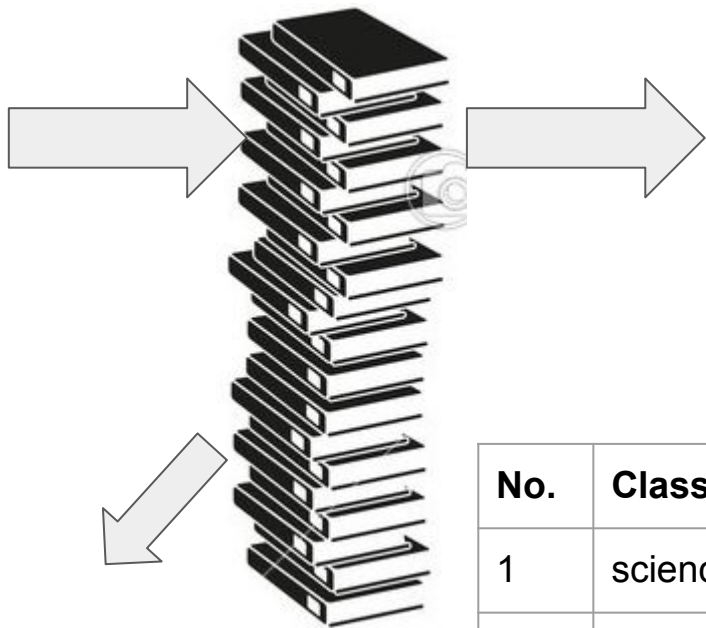


# RNN for book classification

Mindlab Group, Ritual Group

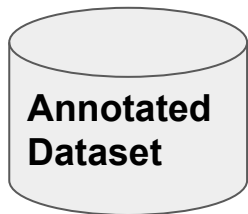
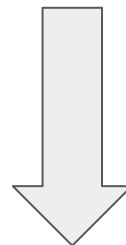
# Dataset construction

**Project  
Gutenberg**



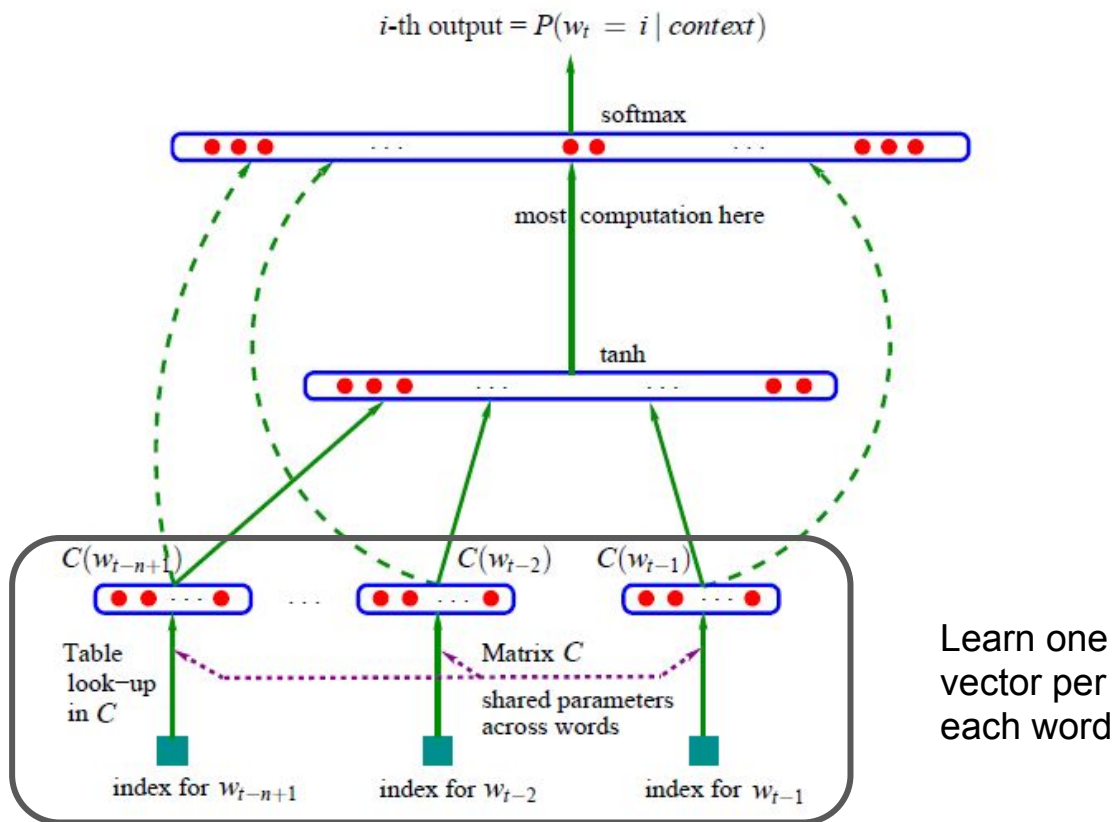
**API**

Get top tags  
from users

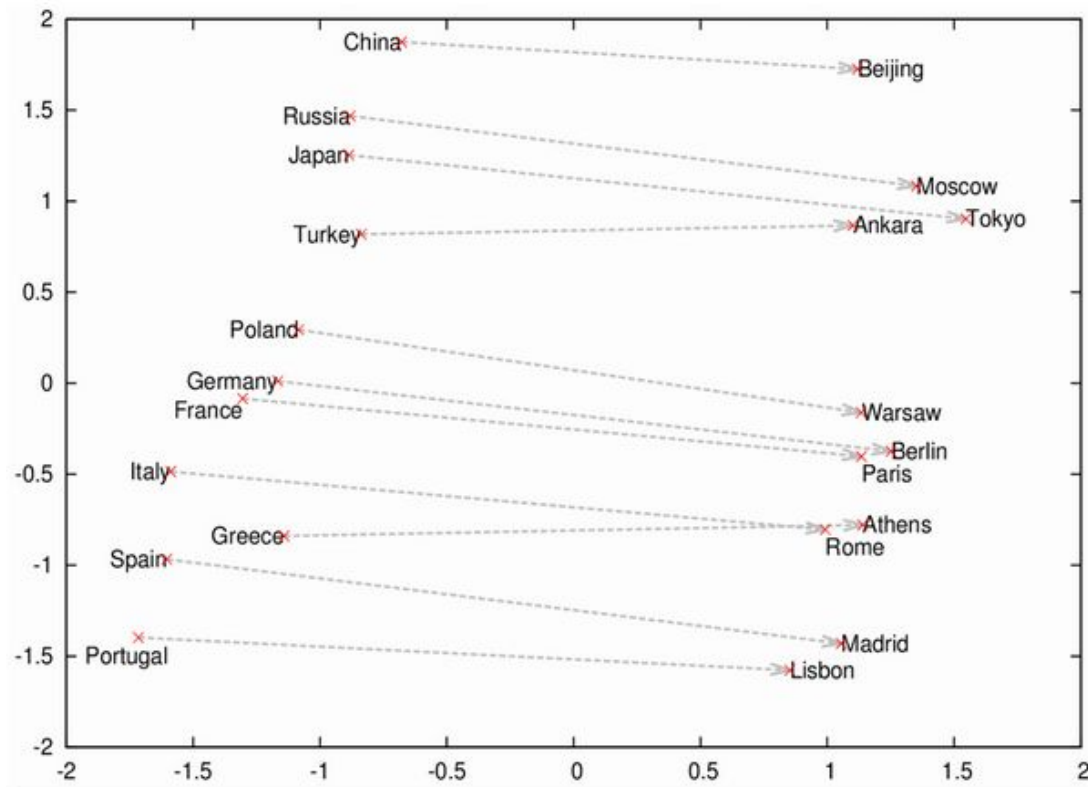


No.	Class	Tags
1	science_fiction	sci-fi, science-fiction
2	comedy	comedies, comedy, humor
...	...	...
9	religion	christian, religion, christianity,...

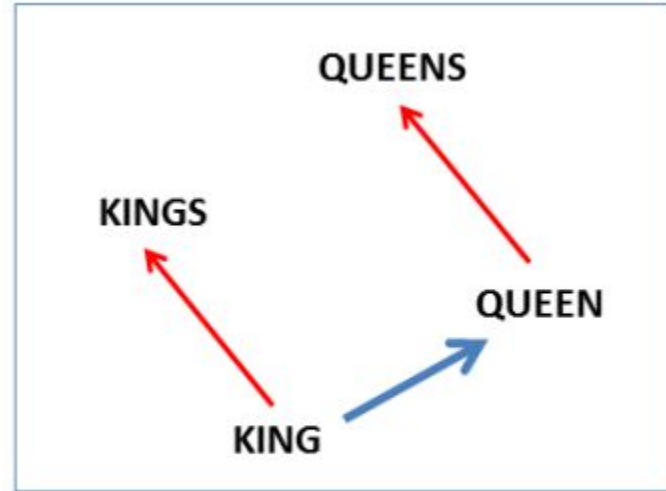
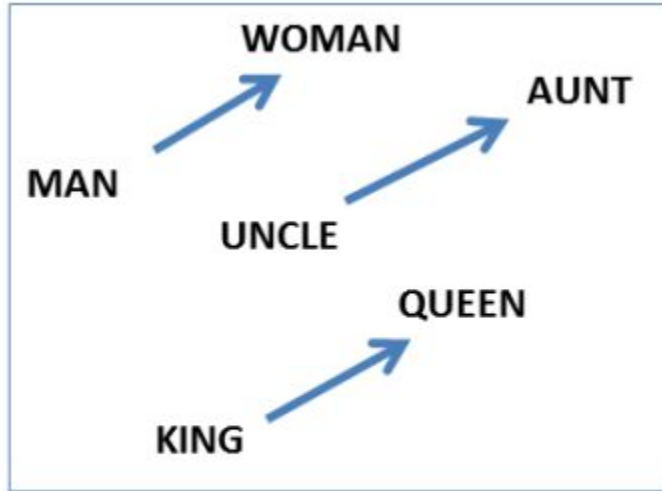
# Predict next word with NN (Language model)



# Word embeddings properties



# Word embeddings properties



(Mikolov et al., NAACL HLT, 2013)

# From words to book representation

Represent a sequence of  $N$  words, by representing each word using word2vec embedding space and average their word vectors.

Take  $M$  sequences of vectors as input for a RNN. Label all sequences with the genre of the source book.

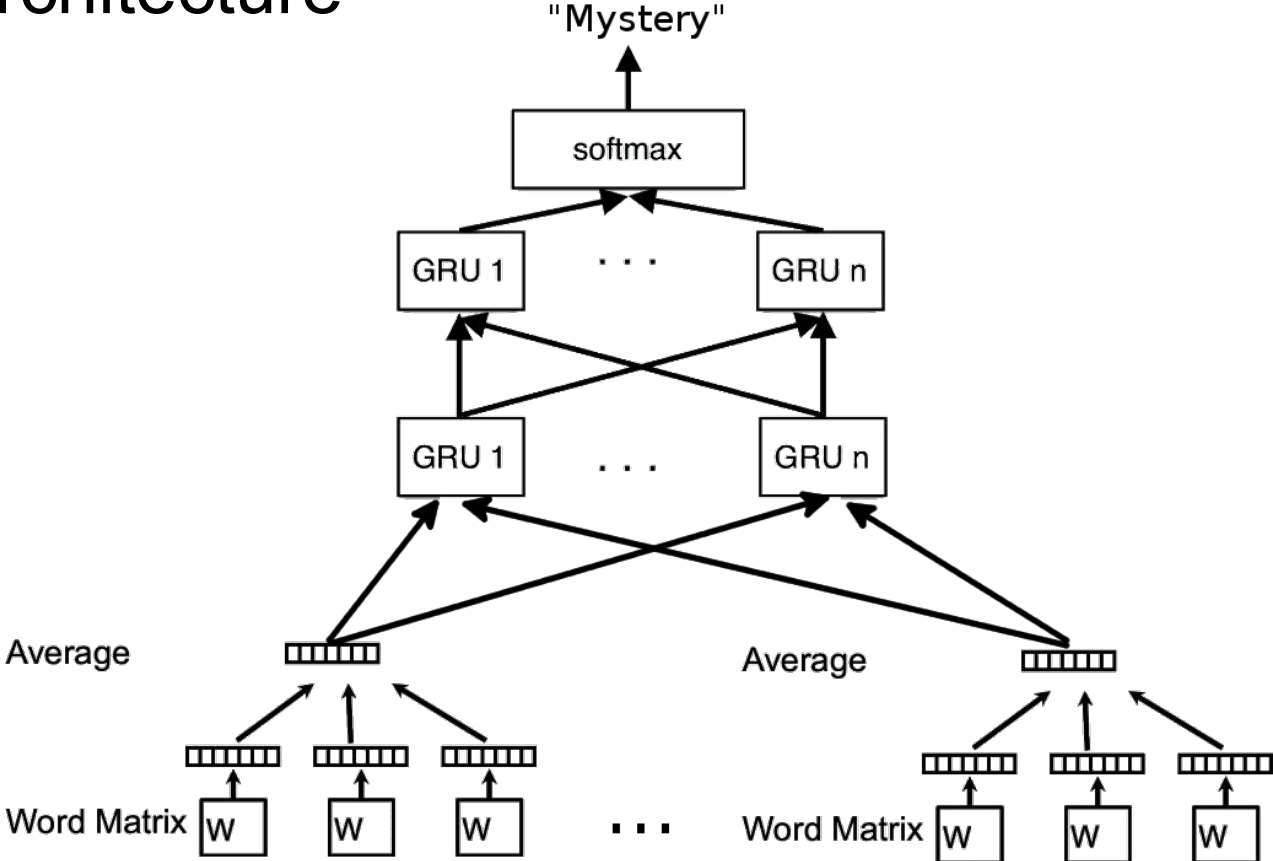
Total Books: 3629

Total Samples: ~68000

## Dataset Distribution

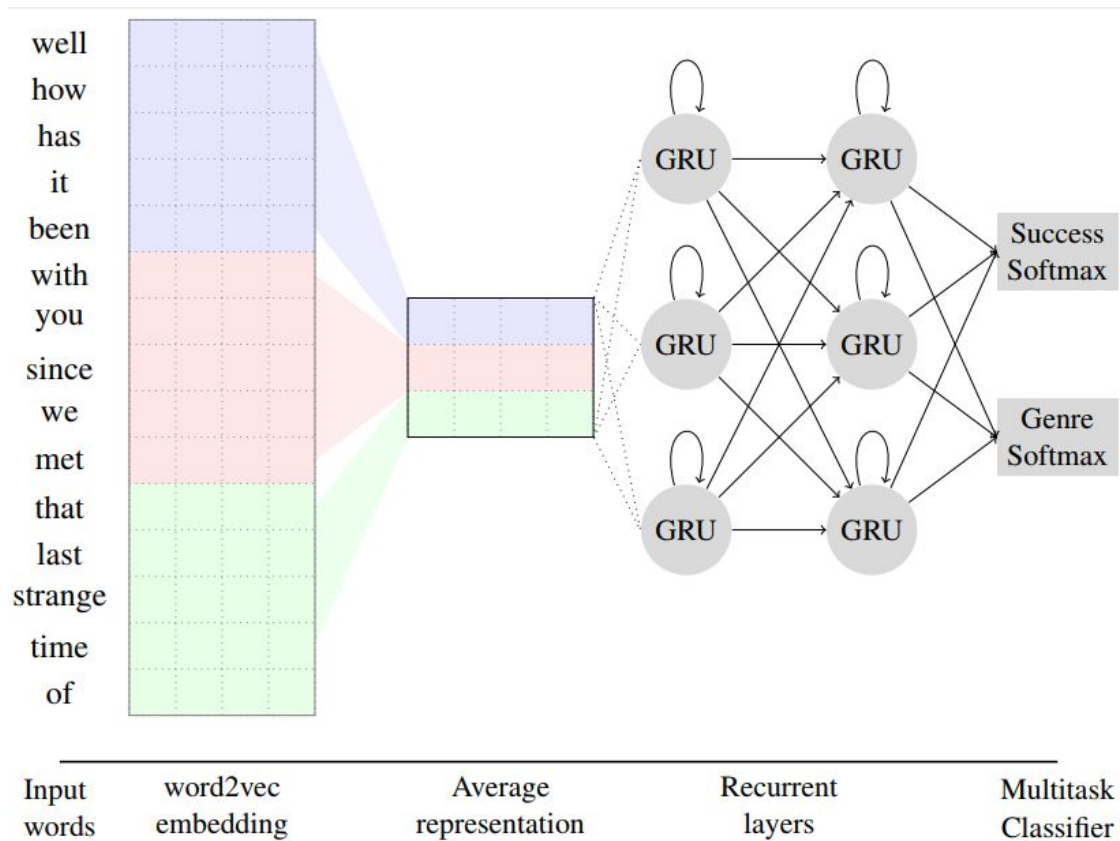
<b>Genre</b>	<b>Unsuccessful</b>	<b>Successful</b>	<b>Total</b>
Detective Mystery	60	46	106
Drama	29	70	99
Fiction	30	81	111
Historical Fiction	16	65	81
Love Stories	20	60	80
Poetry	23	158	181
Science Fiction	48	39	87
Short Stories	123	135	258
Total	349	654	1,003

# RNN Architecture





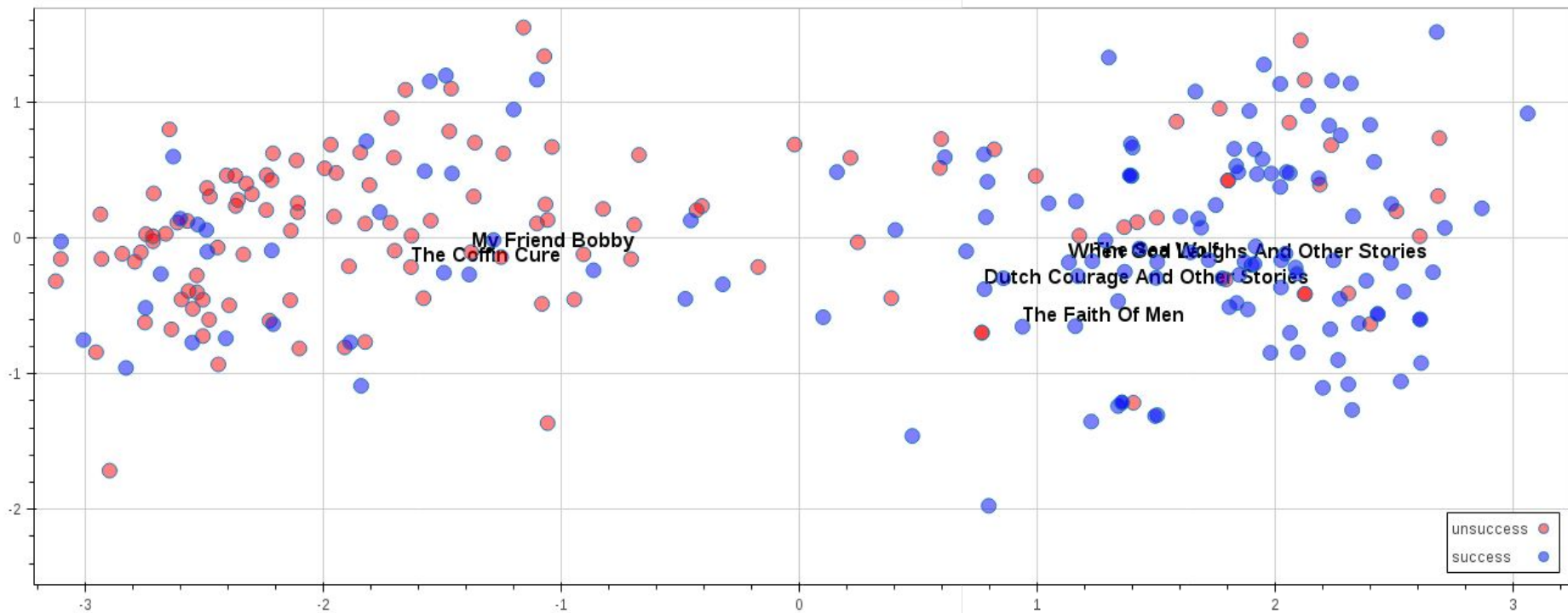
# Proposed model



# Results using RNN

Features	F1 score
Ashok (2013)	0.70
Char 3-5 grams	0.69
Typed prefix 3-gram	0.69
Writing Density (WR)	0.69
Readability	0.69
Sentic concepts & scores(SCS)	0.68
Book2Vec (DMM)	0.70
Book2Vec (DBoW+DMM)	0.70
Book10002Vec (DMC)	0.70
Book10002Vec (DBoW)	0.71
Book10002Vec (DBoW+DMC)	0.70
Unigram+Bigram	0.69
Book2Vec+SCS	0.71
Book2Vec+WR	0.70
Best Features except RNN	0.71
RNN	<b>0.79</b>

# Representation of samples over 2D visualization



<https://goo.gl/e9jO38>

# Image captioning

Next level of computer vision

# Image Captioning

- A step beyond image classification or object detection.
- Requires the identification of complex relations between elements in the image
- Additionally requires a generative model to build meaningful sentences.
- A hard task to evaluate.
- Proposed methods focus on get higher BLEU scores, rather than solve the problem

# Previous approaches

- Detect objects using complex features
- Identify actions, relations in the scene
- Train a language model
- Integrate...
- Sentence retrieval

# Neural Image Caption generator

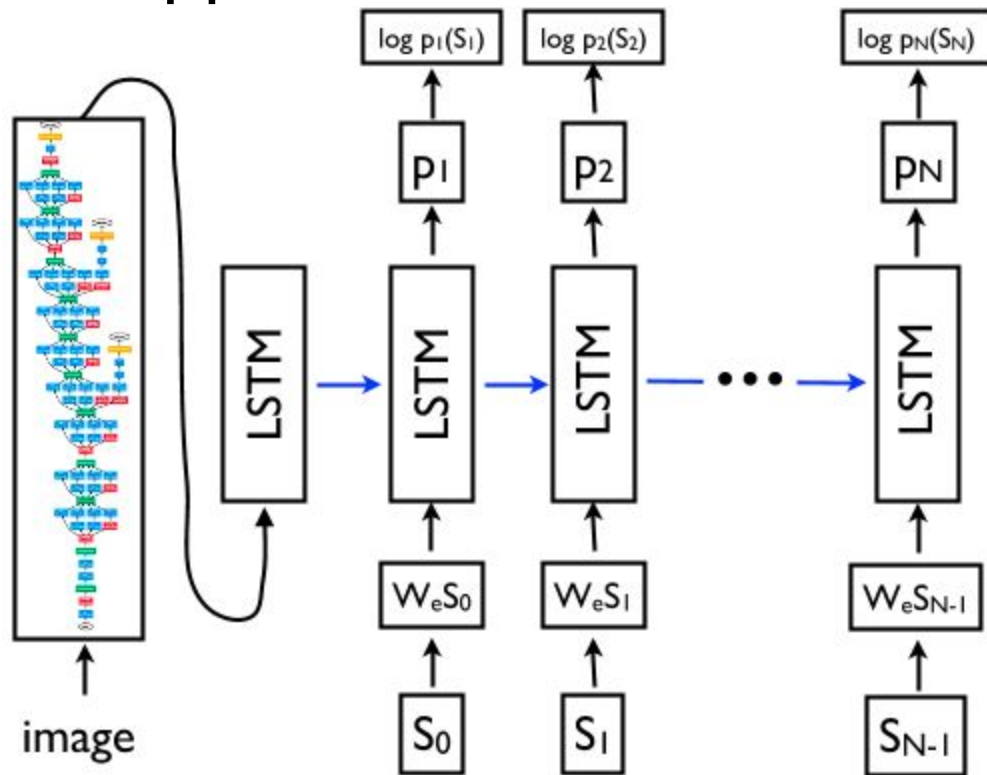
## Model

- CNN for images
- RNN for language modeling
- Backpropagation for training

## Data

Dataset name	size		
	train	valid.	test
Pascal VOC 2008 [6]	-	-	1000
Flickr8k [26]	6000	1000	1000
Flickr30k [33]	28000	1000	1000
MSCOCO [20]	82783	40504	40775
SBU [24]	1M	-	-

# An End-to-End approach:





# Generated sentences

A person riding a motorcycle on a dirt road.



Two dogs play in the grass.



A skateboarder does a trick on a ramp.



A dog is jumping to catch a frisbee.



A group of young people playing a game of frisbee.



Two hockey players fighting over the puck.



A little girl in a pink hat is blowing bubbles.



A refrigerator filled with lots of food and drinks.



A herd of elephants walking across a dry grass field.



A close up of a cat laying on a couch.



A red motorcycle parked on the side of the road.



A yellow school bus parked in a parking lot.



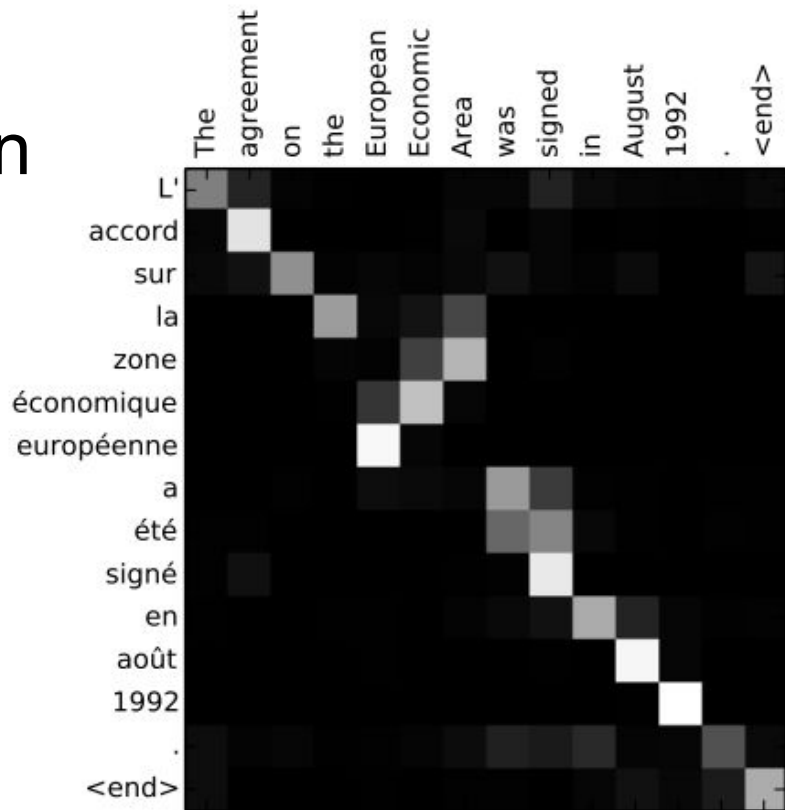
Describes without errors

Describes with minor errors

Somewhat related to the image

Unrelated to the image

# Attention models in Translation

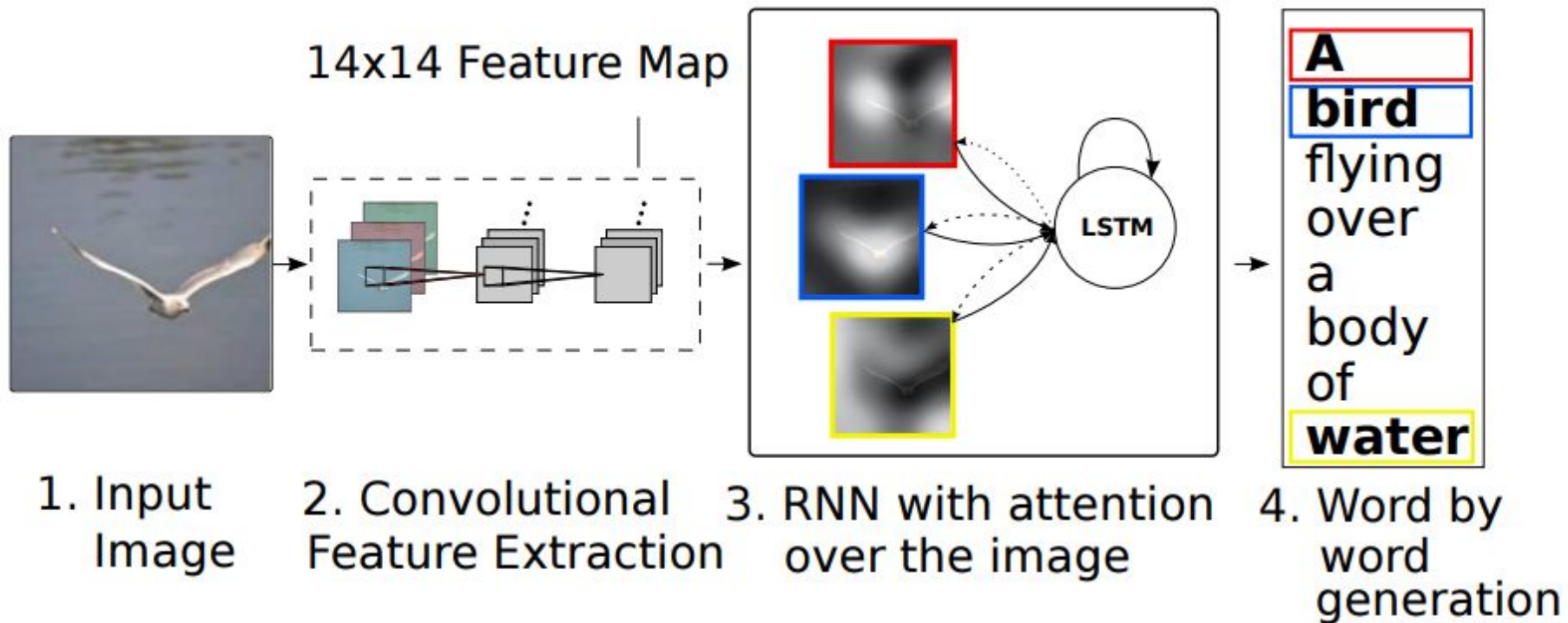


(a)

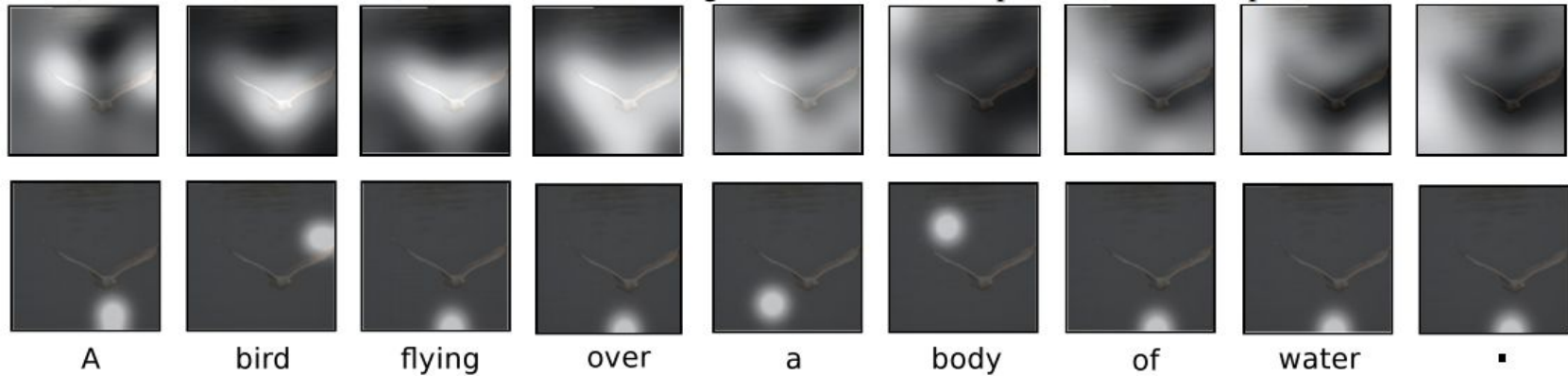
Destruction  
of  
the  
equipment  
means  
that  
Syria  
can  
no  
longer  
produce  
new  
chemical  
weapons  
.  
<end>

# Attention models in Image Captioning

K. Xu, 2016



# Visual Alignments



# Generated phrases



A woman is throwing a frisbee in a park.



A dog is standing on a hardwood floor.



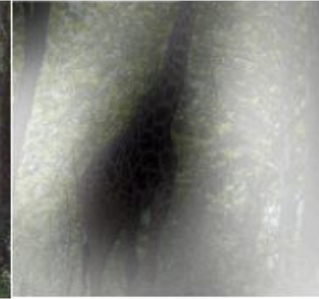
A stop sign is on a road with a mountain in the background.



A little girl sitting on a bed with a teddy bear.



A group of people sitting on a boat in the water.



A giraffe standing in a forest with trees in the background.